WATER AND SANITATION SERVICES PESHAWAR
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman Chartered Accountants

Suit # 6, Block- A, 2nd Floor
To the Directors of M/S Water and Sanitation Services Peshawar Cantonment Plaza, Fakhr-e- Alam Road
Peshawar Cantt. Pakistan

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Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of M/S Water and Sanitation Services Peshawar (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, the statement of income and expenditure, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in general fund and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of income and expenditure, statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in general fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the surplus, changes in fund and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is the information included in the director's report, but does not include the financial statements of the Company and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed, on other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude 'that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material

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uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the income and expenditure account, the statement of comprehensive, the statement of changes in fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) No Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

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The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Arif Saeed.

RSM AVAIS HYDER LIAQUAT NAUMAN **
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Place: Peshawar

Date: August 29, 2022

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees (Restated)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Right of use assets Intangible assets Long term deposits Long term advances	5 6 7 8 9	411,523,639 11,164,306 15,385 1,955,400 2,428,459 427,087,189	245,527,506 11,254,374 23,077 3,955,400 2,443,227 263,203,584
CURRENT ASSETS			
Advances and prepayments Account receivables Cash and bank balances	10 11 12	37,013,938 2,290,480,581 545,712,661 2,873,207,180	40,637,651 2,022,326,919 356,022,115 2,418,986,685
TOTAL ASSETS		3,300,294,369	2,682,190,269
LIABILITIES			
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Gratuity payable Deferred development grant Deferred grant in aid for operations Deferred capital grant for fixed assets Lease liabilities against right of use assets	13 14 15 16 17	136,922,997 772,372,746 1,363,426,247 411,539,023 4,246,220 2,688,507,233	97,119,204 855,487,980 983,760,624 245,550,582 3,906,751 2,185,825,142
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Restricted donor's funded grant Accrued and other payables Current portion of lease liabilities against right of use assets	18 19 17	55,056,845 323,243,945 7,905,556 386,206,346	3,017,549 284,326,349 7,657,882 295,001,779
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,074,713,579	2,480,826,921
Contingencies and Commitments	20		
NET ASSETS		225,580,790	201,363,348
REPRESENTED BY:			
General fund		225,580,790	201,363,348
and the second second second			

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

WATER AND SANITATION SERVICES PESHAWAR STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees (Restated)
INCOME			
Revenue from services Grants Amortization of deferred capital grant for fixed assets	21 22 16	523,013,605 2,904,503,811 85,015,323 3,512,532,739	426,481,073 2,955,395,230 54,199,646 3,436,075,949
EXPENDITURE			
Operational expenses General and administrative expenses Programme cost	23 24 25	2,901,022,168 355,596,800 250,330,185 3,506,949,153	2,793,920,525 338,638,192 298,144,536 3,430,703,253
Operating surplus for the year		5,583,586	5,372,696
Other income	26	24,217,442 29,801,028	27,562,728 32,935,424
Finance cost	27	5,583,586	5,372,696
Surplus for the year before taxation		24,217,442	27,562,728
Taxation	28	-	5 -2 0
Net surplus for the year		24,217,442	27,562,728

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

WATER AND SANITATION SERVICES PESHAWAR STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Net surplus for the year	24,217,442	27,562,728
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to income and expenditure: Remeasurement of defined benefit liability	-	(16,431,000)
	24,217,442	11,131,728

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

WATER AND SANITATION SERVICES PESHAWAR STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Rupees
Balance as at July 01, 2019	190,231,620
Surplus for the year	11,131,728
Balance as at June 30, 2020	201,363,348
Surplus for the year	24,217,442
Balance as at June 30, 2021	225,580,790

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



WATER AND SANITATION SERVICES PESHAWAR STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Surplus for the year	24,217,442	27,562,728
Adjustments for non cash charges and other items: Depreciation and amortization Provision for staff retirement gratuity Grant in aid recognized as income during the year Operating deficit before working capital changes	95,529,015 40,404,000 . (312,130,557) (176,197,542) (151,980,100)	62,014,816 27,289,000 (171,453,382) (82,149,566) (54,586,838)
Working capital changes: (Increase) / decrease in current assets: Advances and prepayments Account receivables	3,623,713 (268,153,662)	(1,085,273) (340,368,048)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities: Restricted donor's funded grant Accrued and other payables Cash used in operations	52,039,296 38,917,596 (173,573,057) (600,207)	(123,450,613) 6,294,955 (458,608,979) (6,176,795)
Gratuity paid Net cash used in operating activities	(326,153,364)	(519,372,612)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to property, plant and equipment Long term deposits Long term advances Net cash used in investing activities	(251,521,157) 2,000,000 14,768 (249,506,389)	(62,784,330) - 989,636 (61,794,694)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Deferred development grant Deferred grant in aid for operations Lease payments against right of use assets Net cash generated from financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	144,000,000 631,186,780 (9,836,481) 765,350,299 189,690,546	200,000,000 416,887,730 (11,534,572) 605,353,158 24,185,852
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	356,022,115	331,836,263
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	545,712,661	356,022,115

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Water and Sanitation Services Peshawar (the Company) was incorporated by Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on January 8, 2014 as a company limited by guarantee, having no share capital, under section 42 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The primary objective of the company is to establish, run and manage an integrated, corporatized and modern water and sanitation utility in Peshawar city, ensuring unremitting water, sanitation and solid waste management services delivery to the residents of Peshawar city. The company started its operations from September 15, 2014. The registered office of the Company is situated at Plot # 33, Sector E8, LCB Building, Phase-VII, Hayatabad, Peshawar. The company's territorial jurisdiction is divided into four operational zones covering urban and periurban peripherals of Peshawar City.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:
 - International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS's) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

- 2.2 New standards, amendments to accounting and reporting standards and new interpretations
 - a) Amendments and interpretation to published accounting and reporting standards which became effective during the year

There were certain amendments and interpretations to accounting and reporting standards which became effective for the Company's annual financial statements for the current year. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial reporting and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

 New standards and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

The following amendments with respect to the accounting and reporting standards would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective amendments:

Effective date

	*	(Annual reporting periods beginning on or after)
IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in estimates and errors	
IAGG	(Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12	Income taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
11 mile mo 20010	Property, Plant and Equipment (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 16		January 1, 2022
IAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	
IFRS 3	Business Combinations (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 9	Financial instruments (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
	Financial instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 1, 2021
IFRS 7		January 1, 2021
IFRS 16	Leases (Amendments)	ouncury in a constant

The management anticipates that application of above amendments in future periods, will have no material impact on the financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

c) Further, the following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), for the purpose of their applicability in Pakistan:

IFRS 1 First time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

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3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

3.1 Accounting Convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for staff retirement gratuity which is carried at present value.

3.2 These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below:

3.3 Property, Plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises acquisition and other directly attributable costs. Freehold land is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any, available for use.

Depreciation is provided on a reducing balance method and charged to income and expenditure statement to write off the depreciable amount of each asset over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 5. Depreciation on addition in property, plant and equipment is charged from the month of purchase or capitalization up to the month preceding the month of its disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's net book value or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Minor repair and maintenance are charged to statement of income and expenditure as and when incurred.

Proceeds from disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is directly charged to income and net book value is deducted from deferred capital grant for fixed assets.

3.4 Lease liability and Right-of-use asset

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payments, variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, payments of penalties for terminating the lease if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option, less any lease incentives receivable. The extension and termination options are incorporated in the determination of the lease term only when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise these options.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in fixed lease payments or an index or rate, change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. The corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of right of use asset has been reduced to zero.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred, any estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentive received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight line method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The Company does not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases where the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

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3.5 Intangible assets

These are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment losses. Amortization is calculated, using the straight line method, to allocate the cost of software over their estimated useful lives at the rate specified in note 6, and is charged to income and expenditure for the year. Costs associated with maintaining computer software, are recognized as an expense as and when incurred.

3.6 Impairment

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories and deferred tax asset, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit, or CGU").

The Company's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows. If there is an indication that a corporate asset may be impaired, then the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the corporate asset belongs. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in statement of income and expenditure.

Impairment loss recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Financial assets

Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that they are impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably. Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired may include default or delinquency by a debtor, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy.

All individually significant assets are assessed for specific impairment. All individually significant assets found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together assets with similar risk characteristics.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognized in statement of income and expenditure and reflected in an allowance account. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognized through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through statement of income and expenditure.

3.7 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end. Balances considered bad are written off when identified. Other receivables are recognized at nominal amount which is fair value of the consideration to be received in future.

3.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, balances with banks, highly liquid short term investments that are convertible to known amount of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

3.9 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates a defined benefit plan - unfunded gratuity scheme covering all permanent employees. Provision is made annually on the basis of actuarial recommendation to cover the period of service completed by employees using Projected Unit Credit Method. Cumulative unrecognized net actuarial gains and losses that exceed ten percent of present value of defined benefit obligation are amortized over the expected average remaining working lives of participating employees.

3.10 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether billed to the Company or not.

3.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the organization becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the organization loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

3.12 Offsetting of financial asset and financial liability

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position, if the organization has a legal enforceable right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.13 Income recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered in the normal course of business.

- Profit on investments / bank deposits is recognized on time proportionate basis.

- Restricted grants

Grants received for specific purposes and interest thereon are classified as restricted grants. Such grants are transferred to income as grants to the extent of actual expenditure incurred against them. Unspent portion of such grants are reflected as restricted grants in the balance sheet. Expenditure incurred against grant committed but not received is accrued and recognized in income and is reflected as receivable from donors.

- Deferred income

Grants utilized for capital expenditure are transferred to deferred capital grant and amortized as income over the useful life of the respective assets.

3.14 Government grants

Government grants relating to fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to statement of income and expenditure over the expected useful lives of the related assets .

3.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.16 Provision for taxation

Provision for current taxation is based on income taxable at the current tax rates after taking into account tax rebates and tax credits available under the law.

3.17 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are priced on arm's length basis. Prices for these transactions are determined on the basis of comparable uncontrolled price method, which sets the price by reference to comparable goods and services sold in an economically comparable market to a buyer unrelated to the seller.

3.18 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IASs / IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life of depreciable assets, provision for doubtful receivables, slow moving inventory and staff retirement gratuity. However, assumptions and judgments made by management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

3.19 Restatement of comparative figures

COVID-19 related expenditure

Depreciation-Right of use assets

The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 have been restated to incorporate this revising. Last year as per application of IFRS-16, right of use assets and lease liabilities were not recognized for lease agreements of offices/parking yards having lease term more than 12 months. Further in previous financial year, waiver of water charges during Covid-19 were charged to "General and administrative expenses", now these are deducted from "Residential water supply under sub account head "Revenue from services" in current financial year. The effect of the restatements on these financial statements are summarized below. There is no effect in the financial year 2021.

As at June 30, 2020

7,815,170

7,815,170

	As previously reported	As re-stated	Re-statement
Effect on statement of			
financial position			
Right of use asset	¥ =-:	19,069,544	19,069,544
Prepaid rent	1,055,244	-	*
Lease liabilities against right of use asset	-	3,906,751	3,906,751
Current portion of lease liabilities against right of use assets	•	7,657,882	7,657,882
Deferred grant in aid for operations	985,668,024	983,760,624	983,760,624
	For the	year ended June	30, 2020
	As previously reported	As re-stated	Re-statement
Effect on statement of income and expenditure			
Residential water supply	414,057,323	384,434,924	384,434,924
COVID-19 waiver of water charges	32,984,960	-	Value de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la companya de l
COVID-19 related expenditure	3 .	3,362,561	3,362,561

4 SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND PERFORMANCE

Significant events affecting the financial position and performance of the Company are as under;

Additions made to property, plant and equipment amounting to Rs. 251.52 million have been acquired by the company in shape of donation in kind.

- The account receivables from customers has increased by Rs. 235.782 million.

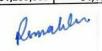
The management has assessed the possible accounting implication arising from COVID-19 for these financial statements, including but limited to impairment of financial assets, and concluded that there are no material accounting impact of COVID-19 on these financial statements except for the effect of wavier allowed on water charges amounting to Rs. 16.48 million adopted as per notification issued on dated 12-05-2020 by the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

Particulars	
Assets acquired by government / donor gran	ts
reehold land	
Building on freehold land	
Vehicles	
Refurbished trucks	
T equipment	
Electrical equipment	
Office equipment	
Furniture and fixtures	

D-4-	Net book value			2		2021			
Rate		Depreciation					st	Cos	
%	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021	Adjustment on disposal	For the year	As at July 01, 2020	As at June 30, 2021	Disposal	Additions	As at July 01,
70					Rupees		- 100		2020
					7-a-1				
	95,536,000		-	-		95,536,000			
10	2,667,700	216,300	_	216,300	22	2,884,000	•	95,536,000	
20	233,067,856	212,301,630	(626,607)	Ave. Ave. Spilling		10.0000	-	2,884,000	-
20	35,074,918	36,903,521	(620,007)	39,899,579	The second secon	445,369,486	(1,144,000)	84,972,591	361,540,895
33.3	30,688,665	POST MALE TO A RESERVED	-	7,622,896	29,280,625	71,978,439		13,460,000	58,518,439
-	0.000	51,969,781	-	34,716,774	17,253,007	82,658,446	192		3 T. S. C.
15		2,700,726	-	365,962	T construction to tened to t	4,774,510		54,632,966	28,025,480
15	6,649,869	9,651,212	_	1,173,506	Control of the Contro		•	-	4,774,510
15	5,764,847	6.086,016	397			16,301,081	4	-	16,301,081
1		319,829,186	(626 607)	1,012,614		11,850,863	-	35,600	11,815,263
	711,020,000	319,029,100	(626,607)	85,007,631	235,448,162	731,352,825	(1,144,000)	251,521,157	480.975.668

	Particulars
Assets govern	s acquired by nment / donor grants
Vehicle	es
Refurb	ished trucks
IT equ	ipment
Electri	cal equipment
A	equipment
Furnit	ure and fixtures

			2020	Depreciation				Net book value	
As at July 01,	Addition	Disposal	As at June 30, 2020	As at July 01, 2019	For the year	Adjustment on disposal	As at June 30, 2020	As at June 30, 2020	Rate
2019				Rupees					/0
							173,028,658	188,512,237	20
321,520,895	40,020,000		361,540,895	The Inches were 2000 and	41,403,059	-	29,280,625	29,237,814	20
41,754,925	16,763,514	-	58,518,439	23,368,131	5,912,494	-			
			28,025,480	13,342,211	3,910,796	-	17,253,007	10,772,473	1327-00
22,661,802	5,363,678		4,774,510	1.907.516	427,248	-	2,334,764	2,439,746	15
4,742,505	32,005	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		EXCORDING REGIONS	1,377,640	_	8,477,706	7,823,375	15
16,194,581	106,500	•	16,301,081	300 300 300 300 300		100	5,073,402	6,741,861	15
11,316,630	498,633	-	11,815,263		1,156,872		235,448,162		1
418,191,338	62,784,330		480,975,668	181,260,053	54,188,109		235,448,162	243,327,300	



	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees (Restated)
Right of use assets		
Cost		
Opening balance	19,069,544	
Impact of application of IFRS 16	***	19,069,544
Addition during the year	10,423,624	<u> </u>
Addition during the year	29,493,168	19,069,544
Accumulated Depreciation		
Opening balance	7,815,170	
Opening balance Depreciation during the year	10,513,692	7,815,170
Depreciation during the year	18,328,862	7,815,170
Net book value as at June 30	11,164,306	11,254,374

- 6.1 The right of use assets comprise of rented office premises / parking yards / dumping yards acquired on lease by the Company for its operations.
- 6.2 The term of lease agreements ranges from 1.58 to 3.5 years.

- 6.3 The Company also has certain leases with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the 'short-term lease' recognition exemptions for these leases.
- 6.4 The rate of depreciation is based on the term of the respective agreements and ranges from 29% to 63.29%.

		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
7	Intangible assets			
	Cost Accumulated amortization	7.1 7.2 -	88,600 (73,215) 15,385	88,600 (65,523) 23,077
7.1	Cost		22 600	88,600
	Opening balance	-	88,600 88,600	88,600
7.2	Accumulated amortization			52.006
	Opening balance Amortization during the year		65,523 7,692	53,986 11,537
	Amortization during the year	9	73,215	65,523 33.33%
	Annual rate of amortization (%)		33.33%	33.33%
8	Long term deposits			
	Deposits with filling stations		500,000 1,455,400	2,500,000 1,455,400
	Other security deposits		1,955,400	3,955,400
9	Long term advances			
	Secured - considered good			
	To employees Less: Current portion of long term advances	10	5,609,527 (3,181,068) 2,428,459	6,478,012 (4,034,785) 2,443,227
			⊕	

9.1 This represents the advances extended to employees up to the limit of Rs. 200,000/- and are repayable in 24 equal installments. These are secured against lien on their gratuity balances. These are interest free loan. These loans have been carried at cost as the effect of carrying these balances at amortized cost would not be material.

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		Note	Rupees	Rupees
10	Advances and prepayments			
	Current portion of long term advances		3,181,068	4,034,785
	Prepaid medical insurance and others		2,742,068	6,104,233
	Income tax refund / adjustment due from government		31,090,802	30,498,633
	moone ax relaid / asjasanent aas nem gerennent		37,013,938	40,637,651
11	Account receivables			
	Considered good			
	Budgetary support from: Municipal Corporation Peshawar		927,012,000	894,430,000
	University Town Committee		51,750,000	51,750,000
	Peshawar Development Authority		32,666,666	32,666,666
	Bills from:		2,172,500	2,172,500
	University Town Committee	11.1	81,280,952	81,280,952
	Peshawar Development Authority Customers-Unsecured	3 15.3	1,195,598,463	960,026,801
	Customers-onsecured		2,290,480,581	2,022,326,919
				2 8750 139 570
	11.1 This amount represents receivables from Peshawar water supply collected on behalf of the Company.	Development Author	ority in respect of recei	pts of residential
	water supply collected on behalf of the company.			0000
		Mata	2021 Punass	2020 Rupees
12	Cash and bank balances	Note	Rupees	No set # resolution
	Cash in hand		475,609	583,922
	Cash at banks:		9,237,227	7,254,298
	In current accounts	12.1	535,999,825	348,183,895
	In deposit accounts	14.1	545,712,661	356,022,115
	12.1 These carry profit at the rates of 6.5% to 6.53% per at	nnum (2020: 6% to 7	53% per annum).	
	12.1 These carry profit at the rates of 6.5% to 6.53% per al	mum (2020: 070 to 7	.0070 por amiamy.	
			_2021	2020
			Rupees	Rupees
13	Gratuity payable		136,922,997	97,119,204
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	13.1 General description			
	The scheme provides terminal benefits for all employ of service as defined in the scheme. Annual charge	rees of the Company	who attain the minimun	n qualifying period piected Unit Credit
	Method. Latest actuarial valuation is carried out as at	June 30, 2021.		
				0000
		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
	13.2 The amount included in the		Nupces	rapeco
	statement of financial position is as follows			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation		136,922,997	97,119,204
	Plesent value of defined benefit obligation		10010-100	
	13.3 Movement in net liability recognized			
	Opening balance		97,119,204	59,576,000
	Charge for the year	13.4	40,404,000	27,289,000
	Paid / adjusted during the year		(600,207)	(6,176,795)
	Remeasurement of obligation			16,431,000
	Balance as at June 30,		136,922,997	97,119,204
	13.4 Charge for the year			
	Service cost		30,934,000	21,331,000
	Service cost Interest cost		9,470,000	5,958,000
	microst sost		40,404,000	27,289,000
			×	
		Λ ,	0~	

Rupees

Note

2020 Rupees

			2021	2020
			Rupees	Rupees
13.5	Principal actuarial assumptions			
			10.00% per	10.00% per
	Discount factor used		annum	annum
	Discount factor used		10.00% per	10.00% per
	Expected rate of increase in sala	ries	annum	annum
	Expected average remaining wor	king		0.0
	lives of participating employees	5	8.2 years	8.2 years
13.6	The sensitivity of the defined bene	efit obligation to changes in the weighted	orincipal assumptions i	s:
		Change in	Increase in	Decrease in
		assumptions	assumptions	assumptions
				90.016.000
	Discount rate	100 bps	-	89,916,000 104,429,000
	Salary increase rate	100 bps	,-	104,420,000
13.7	constant. In practice, this is unlike	are based on change in an assumption ely to occur, and changes in some of the defined benefit obligation to significant a as been applied as for calculating the liabi	ctuarial assumptions,	the same method
			2021	2020
			Rupees	Rupees
	red development grant			
From	provincial government:		055 407 000	772,741,716
	ing balance		855,487,980 144,000,000	200,000,000
Recei	ved during the year		999,487,980	972,741,716
l Itiliza	ed during the year		(227,115,234)	(117,253,736)
Othize	adding the year		772,372,746	855,487,980
14.1	These are restricted grants prov Programme (ADP) in Peshawar f WSSP capacity building.	vided by the Government of Khyber P or the provision of water and sanitation s	akhtunkhwa for Annu services, infrastructure 2021	al Developmental development and 2020
			Rupees	Rupees
			5	(Restated)
	rred grant in aid for operations			
	perations:		983,760,624	629,657,224
	ning balance vived during the year		3,035,953,546	3,017,073,410
	stment during the year		(1,908,000)	- 0.040.700.634
			4,017,806,170 (206,297)	3,646,730,634 (5,719,316)
	t in aid utilized for fixed assets durin	ig the year	(2,654,173,626)	(2,657,250,694)
Utiliz	ed during the year		1,363,426,247	983,760,624
Defe	rred capital grant for fixed assets		72%	
Ope	ning balance		245,550,582	236,965,898
Addi	tion / utilized during the year	Face Alice visions	251,521,157 (85,015,323)	62,784,330 (54,199,646)
Amo	unt amortized against depreciation took value of disposed fixed assets	for the year	(517,393)	(01,100,010)
Net	book value of disposed liked assets		411,539,023	245,550,582

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17	Lease liabilities against right of use assets	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
-5.5	Lease liabilities Less: Current maturity shown under current liabilities	17.1	12,151,776 (7,905,556) 4,246,220	11,564,633 (7,657,882) 3,906,751
17.1	The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is as follows:			
		Future minimum lease payments	Finance charges	Present value of future minimum lease payments
			Rupees	
	Less than one year Between one and five years	9,005,948 4,563,200	1,100,392 316,980	7,905,556 4,246,220
		13,569,148	1,417,372	12,151,776
17.2	The cash outflow in respect of lease payments for the year en	ded June 30, 2021 is	Rs. 10.192,483 (202	0: Rs. 13,866,141).
	,		2021	2020
172		Note	Rupees	Rupees
18	Restricted donor's funded grant			
	Grant from : United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund	18.1	55,056,845	3,017,549
	18.1 The UNICEF, has entered into an agreement with	WSSP, to provide f	unds for WATSAN	related services in
	Shaheen Muslim Town I & II. The project started in Sep			
		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
	Ourselves hadrones	14010	al ministrated that North	N W
	Opening balance Received during the year		3,017,549 69,880,179	84,000,978 28,909,830
	Less: Refund to UNICEF		72,897,728 8,200,932	112,910,808 1,461,214
			64,696,796	111,449,594
	Utilized during the year Closing balance	25.3	(9,639,951) 55,056,845	(108,432,045) 3,017,549
	18.2 The Swiss Development Cooperation, Embassy of Sunder KP Water Governance Program through the Prand ended in December 2019.		into contractual agre . The project started	ement with WSSP in December 2017
		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
	Opening balance Received during the year Profit on SDC account		*	42,467,184 28,886,757 1,427,745 72,781,686
	Less: Tax withheld on bank profit Refund to SDC		4 ,	140,316 182,615
	Utilized during the year Closing balance	25.2		322,931 (72,458,755)
	18.3 The MSP has entered into contractual agreement w including ERP, fleet management and other related a		e WATSAN support	to WSSP in kinds
	<u> </u>	987	2021	2020
	Oin-L-i	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Opening balance Received during the year		13,575,000 13,575,000	
	Utilized during the year Closing balance	25.4	(13,575,000)	
			Jonahle	

		2021	2020
		Rupees	Rupees
19	Accrued and other payables		
	Security from contractors	97,210,700	63,792,786
	Employees' deductions payable to TMAs and others	80,448,235	77,279,207
	Taxes payable	9,429,687	7,644,010
	Payable to contractors	3,587,924	3,839,255
	Unallocated revenue	9,246,866	9,221,026
	Accrued liabilities:		A A PRINCE DELLA
	Operational expenses	119,308,068	114,970,654
	Salaries and allowances-head office	2,984,020	6,450,013
	Others	1,028,445	1,129,398
	Others	323,243,945	284,326,349

20 Contingencies and commitments

Contingencies

- 20.1 The officer of Inland Revenue LTU, Peshawar has initiated proceedings against the Company under Section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001. The Officer has created demand of Income Tax of Rs. 55.272 million for tax year 2015. The Company had filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). The Commissioner passed an order against the Company and maintained the assessment made by the Officer Inland Revenue, Peshawar. The Company has filed an appeal in Appellate Tribunal Islamabad against the order of Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeal) and a stay was granted by the Tribunal. However, the department has recovered Rs. 55.272 million on the expiry of stay order. An amount of Rs. 10 million was paid to the department for the refund of the above amount. The ATIR-ISB annulled the order of Add. Commissioner IR vide order No. ITA-290(PB) TY 2015 on 22-02-2021. The application for refund of Rs. 10 million is filed u/s 170 of the ITO-2001. The Department fileld reference no. LTU/CIR/Legal/1112 on 28-05-2021 before the honorable Islamabad High Court, which is still pending for hearing.
- 20.2 The officer of Inland Revenue LTU, Peshawar has initiated proceeding against the Company under Section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001. The Officer has created demanding Income Tax of Rs. 21.792 and 26.771 million for tax year 2016 & 2017. The Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). The Commissioner has passed an order against the Company and maintained the assessment made by the Officer Inland Revenue, Peshawar. The Company is in process to file an appeal against the order in the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, Islamabad. The ATIR-ISB annulled the order of Add. Commissioner IR vide order No. ITA-225 & 226 (PB) TY 2016 & 2017 on 22-02-2021. The Department fileId reference no. LTO/CIR/Legal/1112 on 28-05-2021 before the honorable Islamabad High Court, which is still pending for hearing.
- 20.3 The officer of Inland Revenue LTU, Peshawar has initiated proceeding against the Company under Section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001. The Officer has created demanding Income Tax of Rs. 65.155 million for tax year 2018. The Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). The Commissioner passed an order against the Company and maintained the assessment made by the Officer Inland Revenue, Peshawar. The Company is in process to file an appeal against the order in the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, Islamabad. The ATIR-ISB annulled the order of Add. Commissioner IR vide order No. ITA-227(PB) 2019 TY 2018 on 22-02-2021. The Department filed reference no. LTO/CIR/Legal/1112 on 28-05-2021 before the honorable Islamabad High Court, which is still pending for hearing.

		Note		2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
	Commitments				055 407 000
	Commitments under contracts are		_	772,372,746	855,487,980
21	Revenue from services				
	Water tankers			309,420	146,340
	Residential water supply	21.1		474,773,161	384,434,924
	Solid waste collection fee			10,085,404	5,846,177
	Late payment surcharge			33,661,081	28,623,079
	New connection			4,184,539	7,430,553
	Tion commoder.		15	523,013,605	426,481,073

21.1 Revenue from residential water supply is net-off an amount of Rs. 16,488,050 (2020: Rs. 29,622,399) representing one month water charges (2020: two months) waived off by the company during the year on approval of Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar Cabinet division decision in the 1st phase of COVID-19 incentive package dated May 12, 2020.

		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
22	Grants	Note	Nupees	Nupees
	Grant from government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for:			
	Operations	15	2,654,173,626	2,657,250,694
	Annual development programme and others	25.1	227,115,234	117,253,736
	D		2,881,288,860	2,774,504,430
	Donors:	25.2	·*	72,458,755
	Swiss Development Cooperation United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund	25.3	9,639,951	108,432,045
	Municipal Services Programme - Government of KP	25.4	13,575,000	2 055 205 220
			2,904,503,811	2,955,395,230
23	Operational expenses			
	Salaries, benefits and allowances		1,689,375,126	1,569,382,060
	Provision for gratuity		35,151,480	23,741,430
	Utilities		803,233,038 147,193,111	834,723,480 123,443,629
	Repair and maintenance Vehicle running expenses		118,874,638	150,489,324
	Hiring of cleaning vehicles		78,214,889	36,767,212
	Entertainment charges		1,297,046	1,279,881
	Staff uniforms		267 220	30,989,108 3,722,844
	Health and safety spray		267,330 24,751,808	18,108,486
	Solid waste management supplies Miscellaneous		2,663,702	1,273,071
	IVIISCEITATIEGUS		2,901,022,168	2,793,920,525
			2021	2020
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
•	Consolination of the state of t			(Restated)
24	General and administrative expenses			005 000 045
	Salaries, benefits and allowances		209,102,720 5,252,520	225,806,815 3,547,570
	Provision for gratuity Rent for zonal offices		15,004,045	9,866,867
	Utilities		5,920,900	6,852,790
	Printing and stationary		6,431,421	7,545,253
	Travelling and transportation		1,151,200	1,931,030
	Legal and professional charges		3,242,055 1,801,904	4,553,630 1,832,416
	Communication charges Repair and maintenance		2,572,247	2,348,003
	Advertisement and awareness campaigns		1,319,301	2,819,449
	Vehicle running expenses		654,655	562,967
	COVID-19 related expenditure		2,577,783 187,500	3,362,561 187,500
	Audit fee	5	85,007,631	54,188,109
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Depreciation-Right of use assets	6	10,513,692	7,815,170
	Amortization of intangible assets	7	7,692	11,537
	Insurance charges		1,345,203	713,731
	Miscellaneous		3,504,331 355,596,800	4,692,795 338,638,192
			333,330,000	000,000,102
25	Programme cost			
	Annual Development Programme (ADP) and Others	25.1	227,115,234	117,253,736
	Swiss Development Corporation	25.2	- 9,639,951	72,458,755 108,432,045
	United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund Municipal Services Programme - Government of KP	25.3 25.4	13,575,000	100,432,043
	Municipal Services Frogramme - Sovernment of Kr	20.1	250,330,185	298,144,536
) .	

Quality

			2021	2020 Rupees
		Annual	Rupees	Nupees
	25.1	Annual Development Programme (ADP) and Others		
		ADP No. 160437-Peshawar Uplift Program	-	1,098,200
		ADP Funded by City District Government	6,743,698	4,677,283
		City District Government Project: Phase-II	16,286,829 2,292,449	2,379,360
		ADP No. 150991-Distribution of drinking water supply scheme ADP No. 200122 Diversion of canal effluent	49,050,000	-
		ADP No. 140641-Construction & rehabilitation of water supply scheme	1,615,628	1,538,362
		ADP No. 780-Development grant	18,153,987	The second seconds
		ADP No. 150990-Distribution of drinking water supply scheme	4,851,658	6,112,539
		ADP No. 170434-Development grant to WSSP	128,120,985	89,382,702 7,137,492
		ADP No. 150208-Distrbution of drinking water supply scheme	#1 201	3,011,430
		TMA Town-III	======================================	1,916,368
		TMA Town-IV	227,115,234	117,253,736

	25.2	Swiss Development Corporation		
		Capacity building and Integrated Water Resource Management Policy	*	11,630,282
		Consultancy charges for revenue enhancement through customer		18,610,890
		Establishment of Citizens Liaison Cell) =	7,045,650 24,325,753
		Master plan	·	2,322,431
		Personnel cost Innovation, research and feasibility	¥ .77. ,	5,523,404
		Performance evaluation of WSSP	(<u>*</u>	3,000,000
		Others	3.E.	345
				72,458,755
	25.3	United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund		47 700 004
		Equipment and tools	-	17,783,364 8,600,000
		Hiring of man powers	183,000	4,263,644
		Mass media & awareness campaigns Hiring of vehicles for sanitation services	-	1,267,580
		Rehabilitation of water supply and sanitation schemes	4,510,417	56,101,258
		Capacity building management staff	18 0	5,043,199
		Special purpose vehicles	4 046 534	11,340,000 4,033,000
		COVID-19	4,946,534 9,639,951	108,432,045
	25.4	Municipal Services Programme - Government of KP		
		Containers and waste bins support	13,575,000	
		The state of the second appropriate the second of the seco		
26	Othe	r income	4.055.059	1,332,766
		lities and others	1,955,258 21,108,124	25,502,090
	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	t on deposit accounts	613,060	727,872
		ler fee of vehicle	541,000	
	Sale	or verificie	24,217,442	27,562,728
27	Fina	nce cost		
	Mark	sup on lease liabilities	1,776,252	1,778,894
		charges	3,807,334 5,583,586	3,593,802 5,372,696
			5,565,566	3,372,030

28 Taxation

The Company is entitled to 100% tax credit under section 100C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 being a non-profit organization.

29 Remuneration to Chief Executive Officer

The aggregate amount charged in these financial statements in respect of remuneration including certain benefits to the Chief Executive Officer is Rs. 4,217,859/- (2020: Rs.4,208,155/-). The Company also provides Company's maintained vehicle to the Chief Executive Officer.

30 Number of employees 2021 2020 Total number of employees as at June 30, Average number of employees for the year 4,518 4,652 4,585 4,617

31 Financial risk management and objectives

The Company operations are financed through government grants and other budgetary support from other government departments. The overall risk management is carried out by the finance department under the oversight of Board of Directors in line with the policies approved by the Board.

	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Financial instruments by category		
Financial assets:		
Loans and receivables at amortized cost Long term deposits Long term advances Advances and prepayments Account receivables Cash and bank balances	1,955,400 2,428,459 37,013,938 2,290,480,581 545,712,661 2,877,591,039	3,955,400 2,443,227 40,637,651 2,022,326,919 356,022,115 2,425,385,312
Financial liabilities:		
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	*	-01 DOMESTICAN
Restricted donor's funded grant	55,056,845	3,017,549
Accrued and other payables	323,243,945	284,326,349
	378,300,790	287,343,897

31.2 Financial instruments and related disclosures

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks (credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk). Risks measured and managed by the Company are explained below:

31.2.1 Credit risk

31.1

Credit risk is the risk that the Counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the company by failing to discharge an obligation. The risk is generally limited to principal amounts and accrued interest thereon, if any. The company's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with risk management framework.

	2021 Rupees	Rupees
Long term deposits	1,955,400	3,955,400
Long term advances	2,428,459	2,443,227
Advances and prepayments	37,013,938	40,637,651
Account receivables	2,290,480,581	2,022,326,919
Cash and bank balances	545,712,661	356,022,115
	2,877,591,039	2,425,385,312

31.2.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligation as it fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation. The company is not exposed to liquidity risk as the company's liquid assets.

31.2.3 Market risk

Market risk means that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices such as equity price, foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The objective is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. Market risk comprises of three types of risks: price risk, foreign exchange or currency risk and interest/ mark up rate risk. There is no currency risk as the company operates only in Pak Rupees. The other two market risk associated with the Company's business activities are discussed as under:

i) Equity price risk

Equity price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The company is not exposed to any equity price risk.

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market yield. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

_	20	21		
-	Interest (mark up bearing	Non interest	Total	
	Interest /mark up bearing	/mark up bearing	Total	
	(Ruj	pees)		
Financial Assets:				
Long term deposits	-	1,955,400	1,955,400	
Long term advances	-	2,428,459	2,428,459	
Advances and prepayments	·-	37,013,938	37,013,938	
Account receivables	-	2,290,480,581	2,290,480,581	
Cash and bank balances	535,999,825	9,712,836	545,712,661	
Cash and bank balances	535,999,825	2,341,591,214	2,877,591,039	
Financial liabilities:				
D. Listed describe funded grapt	2	55,056,845	55,056,845	
Restricted donor's funded grant	~ _	323,243,945	323,243,945	
Accrued and other payables	2	378,300,790	378,300,790	
s 	535,999,825	1,963,290,424	2,499,290,249	
·-		ix.		
_	20	020		
_	1.51	Non interest	Total	
_	Interest /mark up bearing	/mark up bearing		
	(Ru	ıpees)		
Financial Assets:				
Long term deposits	₩.	3,955,400	3,955,400	
Long term advances		2,443,227	2,443,227	
Advances and prepayments	·-	40,637,651	40,637,651	
Account receivables	2 <u>2</u>	2,022,326,919	2,022,326,919	
Cash and bank balances	348,183,895	7,838,220	356,022,115	
_	348,183,895	2,077,201,417	2,425,385,312	
Financial liabilities:				
		3,017,549	3,017,549	
Restricted donor's funded grant		284,326,349	284,326,349	
Accrued and other payables _		287,343,897	287,343,897	
4 =	348,183,895	1,789,857,520	2,138,041,414	
_	340,100,033	1,7 00,007,020	-1011	



32 Related party transactions

The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with related parties which comprise of Chief Executive. The Company has not carried out any significant transaction with any related party during the year except payment of remuneration to Chief Executive as disclosed in note no. 27.

33 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 29-08-2022

34 General

34.1 Rearrangement

Figures have been rearranged wherever considered necessary for better comparison and presentation. Significant rearrangement made is as under:

Deferred capital grant for fixed assets amounting to Rs. 245,550,582 previously included in unutilized grant in aid has been disclosed as a separate account head on the face of statement of financial position.

34.2 Nomenclature

Nomenclatures of the following accounts have been changed.

Previous

Deferred grant Unutilized grant in aid Restricted grant received in advance

34.3 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

Current Nomenclature

Deferred development grant Deferred grant in aid for operations Restricted donor's funded grant

Remalilia

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER